INTERNATIONALISATION FEATURES OF US HIGHER EDUCATION

Summary. The article proposes the analysis of the process of internationalization of higher education in the United States. The terms “multicultural education”, “globalization”, and “internationalization” in the field of higher education have been explained. The dominant features of internationalization of US higher education and the positive aspects have been presented. The basic principles of its internationalization have been revealed too. Attention has also been paid to pedagogy for civil society, which supports the process of internationalization and is widespread in the USA. The main strategies for internationalization of higher education have been outlined. Internationalized programs have been described as a major element of higher education internationalization. The general requirements for teachers and students have been explored and a model of comprehensive internationalization of US higher education has been developed.

Keywords: internationalization, higher education, student mobility, educational program, internationalization strategies, USA.

INTERNATIONALISATION FEATURES OF VIßHO OSVITI USA

Anotacija. Стаття аналізує процес інтернаціоналізації вищої освіти у США. Подано тлумачення термінів «мультікультурна освіта», «глобалізація» та «інтернаціоналізація» у сфері вищої освіти. Охарактеризовано інтернаціоналізацію вищої освіти США як процес інтеграції міжнародних і культурних аспектів у навчанні, дослідженнях і діяльності установи та її головні позитивні моменти, а саме: створення единої мови в освітньому просторі завдяки міжнародній співпраці та інтеграції, мобільність, демократія, диверситетність та ін.. Розкрито основні її принципи, серед яких визокремлена підпорядкованість міжнародної діяльності насамперед зовнішній політиці та принцип мультикультуралізму з акцентом на глобальній та міжкультурній обізнаності у навчальних цілях, глобалізації освітів програм і програм на вчання за кордоном. Такі освітні програми передбачають створення для студентів міжнародної перспективи і глобальної компетентності, а принцип мультикультуралізму забезпечує толерантність до різних етнічних, релігійних та світоглядних відмінностей серед учасників освітнього процесу. Звернено увагу на педагогіку для громадянського суспільства, яка підтримує процес інтернаціоналізації і є поширеною у США. Досліджено головні стратегії інтернаціоналізації вищої освіти стратегія: партнерство між метою та метою розвитку глобальний мобільність здобувачів вищої освіти та академічного складу, стратегія висококваліфікованої міграції, стратегія глобального включеної інтернаціоналізації, стратегія участі в міжнародних студентських програмах, стратегія надання дипломів і акредитації за кордоном. Успішність інтернаціоналізації вищої освіти в США підтверджується зростаючою її активністю у сфері міжнародної діяльності, з підвищенням кількості відтиніх студентів, які отримують дипломи та акредитацію в США у сфері міжнародної діяльності з підвищенням кількості відтиніх студентів, які отримують дипломи та акредитацію в США у сфері міжнародної діяльності. Звернено увагу з охорони та захисту всіх прав і свобод студентів, які отримують дипломи та акредитацію в США у сфері міжнародної діяльності. Звернено увагу з охорони та захисту всіх прав і свобод студентів, які отримують дипломи та акредитацію в США у сфері міжнародної діяльності.
Having studied scientific and pedagogical tendencies that are the part of the 21st century reality. At the same time, internationalization encompasses the policies and practices of the university to meet global academic trends. Motivation of internationalization involves commercial gain; knowledge acquisition and foreign language learning; improvement of educational programs with the content containing an international component, international activity, etc [10].

De Wit (2010) shares the view of Altbach & Knight (Altbach & Knight, 2007) that education internationalization at the higher educational institution level is a "process of integrating international and cultural aspects in the institution's teaching process, research and other activity", internationalization is changing the higher education establishment, but globalization is influencing the world of internationalization [9; 13, p. 8].

The key principles of higher education internationalization in the United States, according to Knight, are as follows: international activities in the United States are primarily governed by foreign policy and national security, the principle of multiculturalism, emphasis on global and intercultural awareness for educational purposes, internationalization of educational and training programs, It should be noted that internationalization of higher education in the United States is not a strategic goal and can be described as fragmented activity [13, pp. 5–12].

Previously unsolved parts of the general problem. Having studied scientific and pedagogical sources on this topic, we have found out that a comprehensive study of various aspects of the internationalization process of higher education in the United States has not yet been completed.

The research objective. The aim of the article is to do a comprehensive thorough analysis of the internationalization process in US universities, and define the benefits of its implementation in the educational space.

The main body of the research. According to the global ranking of countries with the most favorable policy in the field of education internationalization, we consider the Global gauge as an interactive monitoring of state support for the higher education internationalization, expressed in the policies, national strategies and legislation basis of the countries. In the ranking of the 26 countries the United States ranks the 10th one in 2016 [12].

Having examined the issues of higher education internationalization and international cooperation, we assert that it is implemented by the Government in the following areas, as providing a favorable environment for international mobility of students and academics, academic exchange and international university researches; ensuring the quality of educational standards and recognition of diplomas, educational programs implementation with an international component; free access to higher education [12].

Kuriy (2010) identifies such main strategies for internationalization higher education, as 1) mutual understanding strategy based on the global mobility of higher education applicants through exchange, scholarship and partnership programs between institutions; 2) a strategy of highly skilled youth migration, which involves targeted employment of foreigners in the country of destination in order to attract talented young people and scholars; 3) an income strategy as foreign students pay far more for tuition than local students [3].

We have found out that the Center for Internationalization Programs and Global Participation, Services and Resources has been established in the United States to support higher educational institutions in achieving comprehensive internationalization and preparing students for successful work in the face of growing globalization. The Center provides a thorough analysis of international educational programs and services to support the internationalization and engagement strategy of the institutions [6; 8].

The Center for Internationalization and Global Engagement of the American Council on Education (CIGEACE) is helping universities and colleges to develop and support comprehensive, effective internationalization programs that enhance global participation of students and faculty. Effective internationalization requires comprehensive institutional support encompassing educational programs, research, educational staff's work, and proactive synergies between the institutions. In addition, the organization researches and analyzes global tendencies in higher education working with educational associations worldwide [8].
The Commission on Internationalization and Global Interaction is an important advisory body to the Center on internationalization initiatives and global priorities. The commission fulfills its functions by developing international education policy, conducting researches in the field of education internationalization, sponsoring programs for the promotion of education internationalization, and is the agency of the US higher education representation at the international level [8].

We state that the American Council on Education’s Center for Internationalization and Global Liaison helps educational institutions develop and support comprehensive, effective internationalized programs that increase the global participation of students, faculty, and staff. Its activities promote the idea that effective internationalization requires comprehensive cooperation between institutions, involves the development of educational programs, researches, the faculties’ active strategies of interaction. The organization also monitors and analyzes global trends in higher education [8].

It is important to consider the Center’s Comprehensive Internationalization Model, which is a strategic, coordinated process that integrates policy, programs, and initiatives into colleges and universities (see fig. 1). Its activities include providing a roadmap for implementation of internationalization, forming focus groups, conducting interviews and open discussions on formulating priorities and solutions to students and faculty’s problems. Employees are primarily responsible for internationalization results before the Director-General or the President of the internationalization program [6; 8].

It has been explored that student mobility is seen as a major driving force in the process of internationalization of higher education. Orientation programs and numerous campus resources (Office of International Students (OIS), Office of International Programs (OIP), International Student Association (ISA)) help facilitate adaptation and provide students’ effective learning and transferring the credits obtained. To further student mobility financial aid is received by students participating in study abroad programs approved by the US Department of State’s Department of Education and Cultural Programs (e.g. Global UGRAD – Global Undergraduate Exchange Program) [5].

The importance and originality of this study are that it outlines general requirements for internationalized education: knowledge of a foreign language, and researching into global content with a strong focus on internationalized educational programs, technology, work on a collaborative project, cooperation with teachers and students abroad by holding online conferences, discussions, roundtables, etc. The teacher’s activity is supported on campus too where seminars and advanced training programs help educators gain international competence and put it into practice. So, key guides in the preparation of future teachers are international experience and professional knowledge [8].

According to the research by the Institute of International Education (IIE), the United States has made a significant contribution to the process of globalization and internationalization of higher education through the international activities of a lot of public and private educational organizations, counseling centers activities, successful implementation of educational programs etc. For example, the US Department of State Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs promotes education internationalization through academic, cultural, sport, professional, and private exchanges. About 50,000 students participate in exchange programs annually, including the flagship Fulbright Program and the International Visitor Leadership Program. The Bureau also sponsors the Benjamin A. Gilman Scholarships for American students with financial needs, the Critical Language Scholarship Program and over 400 consulting centers of EducationUSA net around the world, which provide students who are going to study in the USA with the information [14].

One of the facts of US higher institutions’ international activity in promoting the internationalization in the sphere of higher education is students’ opportunity to study in another country during the semester, academic year or summer. They can also be enrolled in short-term language studying programs, internships or work-study programs. Popular countries among American students are Australia, United Kingdom, Costa Rica, Italy, and Spain. It should be noted that international exchange programs for teachers are also supported [17].

Research conclusions. The success of the United States in the field of higher education internationalization ensures the further growth of the number of international students who are willing to receive a diploma or international study experience for a certain period under the program, which has a significant positive impact on the economy of the country. Students from all over the world studying in the US also contribute to the development of American science and technology, conducting research, providing intercultural awareness and other international learning perspectives for American students, helping them to be prepared for a global career and often create long-lasting business relationships, which leads to other economic benefits [15].

Having analyzed the internationalization dominant features of US higher, we can conclude that it occurs with varying intensity. Just as the internationalization process in different institutions is presented in the range from a set of uncoordinated international activities to a strategically comprehensive international model.

Fig. 1. The Comprehensive Internationalization Model
References:


